

# Level 3 Controllers Workshop

Adelaide Aug 2009

Entries, Event Timing and  
SPORTident



# Entry System

- Online and/or Paper Entries
- Availability and Deadlines
- Use what your team has the skills to manage
- Correctness and consistency
- Classes need to align with rules
- Online – external service providers
- Fees – simplicity, balance between meeting budget and attracting competitors

# Entry Forms



- Example from Australian Championships Carnival 2009
  - Paper
  - Online

# Managing Entries

- System needs to “integrate” to event software
- Post entry data often to the event web site where it should be easily accessible
- Start Draw – Rule 12.2
  - “The start draw shall be approved by the Orienteering Australia Controller.”

# Event Timing and SPORTident



- Plan equipment requirements
- Consult early with other states for loans (control units, loan SI cards, master units)
- Issues with different SI models – control cards and control units
- Software – single day, multi day, relay
- Backup system
- Radio Controls

# Event Timing and SPORTident



- Every unit represents a clock – these all need to be synchronised (use GPS)
- Synchronising is especially important for sprints
- Simplest is to use real time always and run the event as real time
- Event Timing
  - Start – start unit (synchronise units on the day) vs start times
  - Finish Timing – synchronise units on the day
- Day light saving issues

# Event Timing and SPORTident



- Verifying Control numbers
  - Should the controller check these
- Other data to be checked
  - Course details including control numbers (substitute numbers)
  - Course – class combinations
  - Most data is available as reports so ask for these

# Results



- Process and manpower
- Post often
- Doing corrections on the day
  - DNF, MP, DNS, missing controls
- Consider layout of results
- Posting to event web site and OA Results system
- IOF ranking event results





